

2011

The ECB publishes new statistics on important financial institutions active in the markets, beyond banks, i.e. insurance corporations and pension funds

2012 The ECB creates the basis of the ESRB's risk dashboard, supporting the assessment of systemic risk



The ECB and the national competent authorities undertake the first comprehensive assessment of 130 "significant" banks, preparing the handover of their supervision to the ECB

2010

The ESAs, ESRB, EBA, EIOPA and ESMA (micro-and macroprudential authorities) are established; the ECB provides the ESRB with the necessary data to support its tasks

ESCB statistics

1992 E

Statistical work starts to prepare for the launch of the Economic and Monetary Union -6 years before the ECB is established

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1994

The European Monetary Institute (EMI) is established; significant efforts are made to create a



1996

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Implementation package for statistics -"Nothing is more important for monetary *policy than good statistics*", Alexandre Lamfalussy, first President of the EMI



1997

The EMI's statistical function is a key contributor to the report on the convergence criteria to be met by the (then) 15 EU Member States wishing to adopt the single currency

1998

The EU Council gives clear legal powers to the ECB to collect statistical data (these powers remain essential to date)

1998

The ECB and Eurostat agree on a division of responsibilities to avoid duplication of work and to ensure consistent data at EU level

"Euro area statistics: challenges for the future" is the theme of the First ECB Statistics Conference

The scope of euro area statistics

of financing beyond bank loans,

i.e. securities issues

is widened to encompass sources



2000

2002

2003

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2001

The ECB publishes euro area

financial accounts statistics

in non-financial sectors

covering financing and investment

The ECB publishes new balance sheet data on financial institutions active in the markets, beyond banks, e.g. investment funds

2004 Interest rates on deposits and loans

are published, improving the analysis of monetary policy transmission and financial conditions

2006

2005

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For the first time, the ECB publishes indicators about financial integration in the euro area relating to retail loans and wholesale equity trading

Transparent, accountable and service-oriented: the ECB's Statistical Data Warehouse is now accessible to the public via the ECB's website

2007

The ECB publishes institutional sector accounts to further improve the understanding of the financial and nonfinancial positions/transactions in the various sectors of the euro area economy

2014

The Single Supervisory Mechanism (SSM) is launched, becoming the first pillar of the Banking Union. Supervisory data are collected as of day 1 of SSM operation.



2015

The ECB publishes a new Household Sector Report, which brings together detailed information on the household sector

2016

The Single Resolution Board becomes operational, with the mandate of resolving non-viable financial institutions, the second pillar of the Banking Union. ECB statistics support the Board's data requirements

Work on reporting AnaCredit data

not natural persons) improves the

(loan-by-loan data on entities that are

information available on banks' lending



2018

The ECB launches its money market statistics series, providing granular data on money markets to enhance the analysis of the monetary policy transmission mechanism

2008

After 10 years of producing statistics, the European System of Central Banks moves towards more granular data and data collection only once (Statistics Task Force/Fourth ECB Statistics Conference)

2009

The G-20 finance ministers and central bank governors endorse 20 recommendations to address data gaps revealed by the global financial crisis

2019 The ECB starts to publish the

euro short-term rate (€STR)

2020 The ECB releases new euro area pension fund statistics



The ECB publishes the first issue of its Monthly Bulletin; the Bulletin contains a set of harmonised euro area statistics, including monetary, balance of payments and HICP data

EUROPEAN CENTRAL BANK | EUROSYSTEM

1999

1999

The exchange rates among the currencies of the countries set to form the euro area are irrevocably fixed and the euro is launched